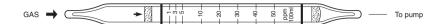
FORMIC ACID



1. PERFORMANCE

1) Measuring range : 1-50 ppm Number of pump strokes : $1(100 \text{m} \ell)$

2) Sampling time : 1.5 minutes/1 pump stroke

3) Detectable limit ∴ 0.1 ppm (100mℓ) 4) Shelf life ∴ 3 years 5) Operating temperature ∴ 0 ~ 40 °C

6) Temperature compensation : Necessary (0 \sim 20 °C) (See "TEMPERATURE CORRECTION TABLE")

7) Reading : Direct reading from the scale calibrated by 1 pump stroke

8) Colour change : Pale pink → Yellow

2. RELATIVE STANDARD DEVIATION

RSD-low: 10% RSD-mid.: 10% RSD-high: 10%

3. CHEMICAL REACTION

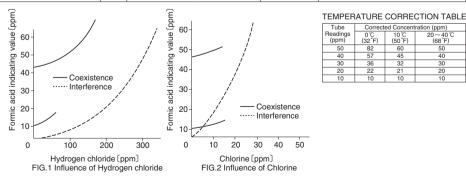
By reacting with alkali, PH indicator is discoloured. HCOOH + NaOH → HCOONa + H₂O

4. CALIBRATION OF THE TUBE

VAPOUR PRESSURE METHOD

5. INTERFERENCE AND CROSS SENSITIVITY

| Substance | ppm | Interference | ppm | Coexistence |
|----------------------------|-----|----------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Sulphur dioxide | | Similar stain is produced. | HCO₂H conc. × 1/20 | Higher readings are given. |
| Nitrogen dioxide | 300 | " | 10 | The top of discoloured layer becomes unclear. |
| Hydrogen chloride FIG.1 | | Pink stain is produced. | HCO₂Hconc. ×2 | Higher readings are given. |
| Chlorine FIG.2 | | Yellow stain is produced. | 5 | " |
| Acetic acid | | Similar stain is produced. | | " |



(NOTE)

This tube scale is calibrated based on Acetic acid and the same scale is available for Formic acid.