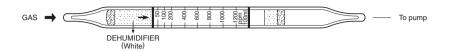
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL



1. PERFORMANCE

1) Measuring range 50-1,200 ppm 20-480 ppm Number of pump strokes $1(100\text{m}\ell)$ $2(200\text{m}\ell)$ 2) Sampling time 1.5 minutes/1 pump stroke

3) Detectable limit $: 5 \text{ ppm}(200\text{m}\ell)$ 4) Shelf life : 2 years5) Operating temperature $: 10 \sim 40 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

6) Reading : Direct reading from the scale calibrated by 1 pump stroke.

7) Colour change : Yellow→Pale blue

2. RELATIVE STANDARD DEVIATION

RSD-low: 10% RSD-mid.: 10% RSD-high: 10%

3. CHEMICAL REACTION

Chromium oxide is reduced. $CH_3CH(OH)CH_3 + Cr^{6+} + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow Cr^{3+}$

4. CALIBRATION OF THE TUBE

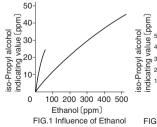
GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY

5. INTERFERENCE AND CROSS SENSITIVITY

Substance	Interference	Coexistence
Alcohols FIG.	1 Similar stain is produced.	Higher readings are given.
Ethers	"	"
Aliphatic hydrocarbons (more than C ₃)	Whole reagent is discoloured to Pale brown.	"
Aromatic hydrocarbons	"	"
Esters	"	"
Ketones	"	"
Halogenated hydrocarbons FIG.	2	"

(NOTE)

In case of 2 pump strokes, following formula is available for the actual concentration. Actual concentration $= 2/5 \times \text{Reading value}$



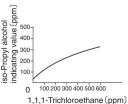


FIG.2 Influence of 1.1.1-Trichloroethane